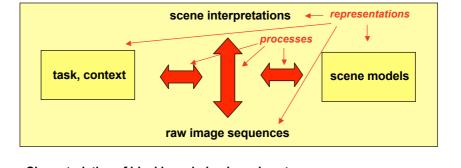
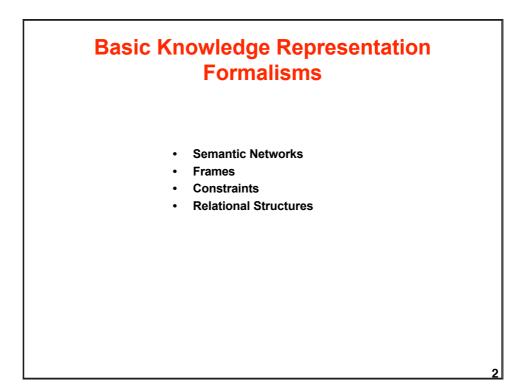
Representations and Processes in Knowledge-based Systems

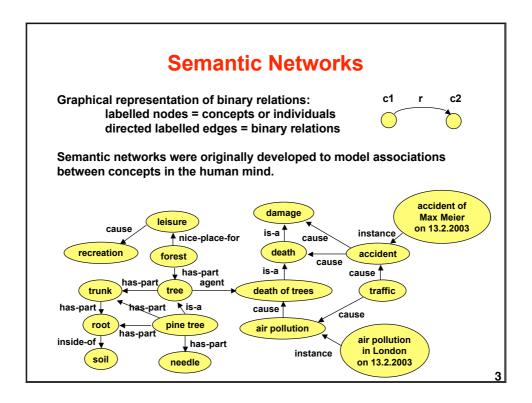


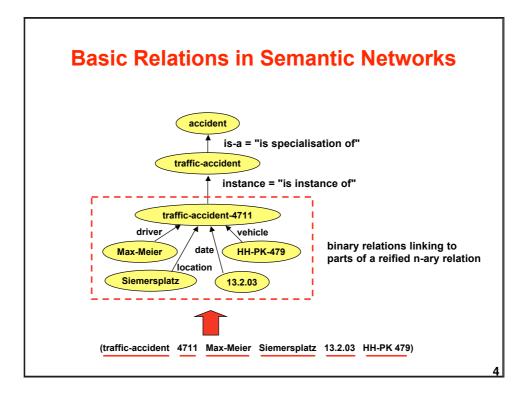
Characteristics of ideal knowledge-based systems:

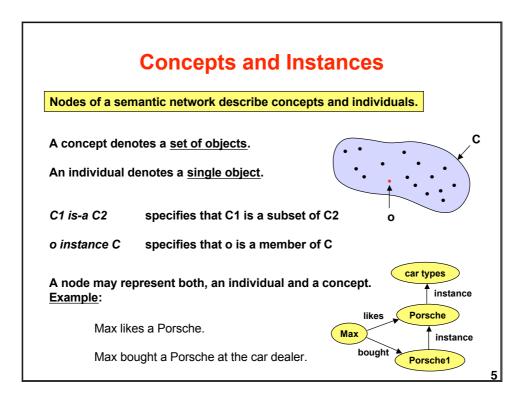
- Problems are <u>specified</u> by background and task knowledge using a <u>declarative</u> knowledge representation language
- Problems are solved using standard inference procedures

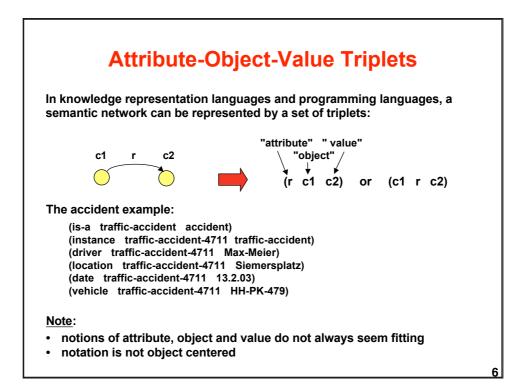
Knowledge representation formalisms must support representations <u>and</u> processes (inferences)!

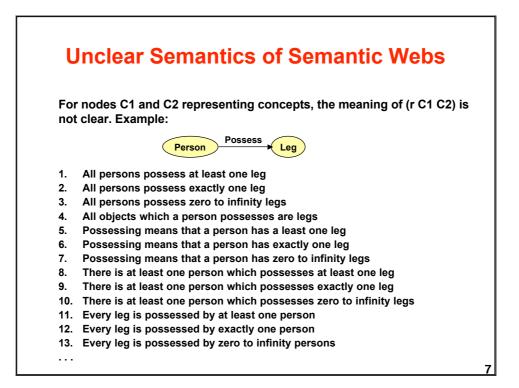


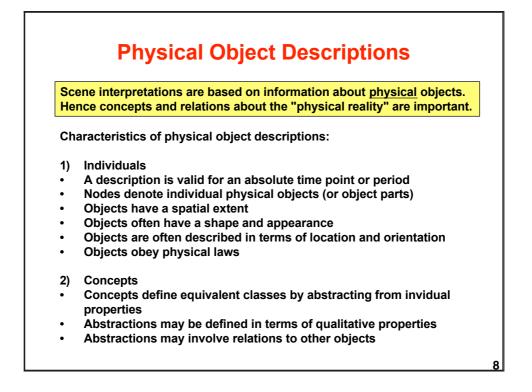


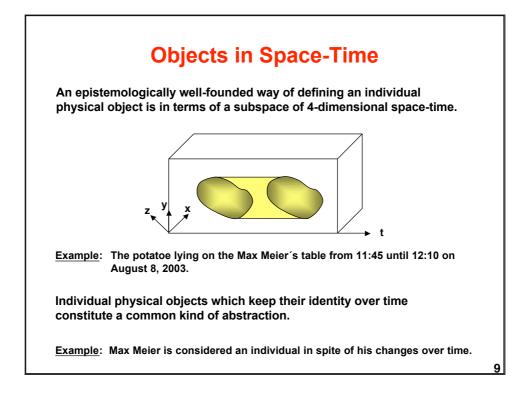


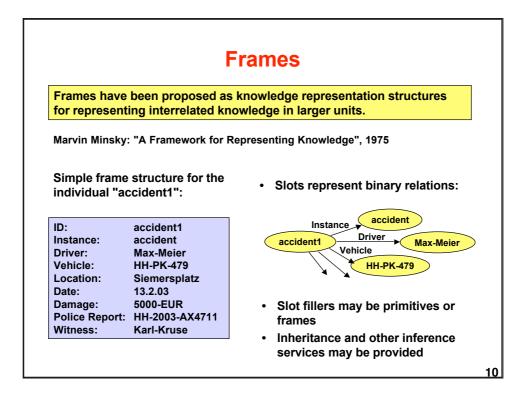


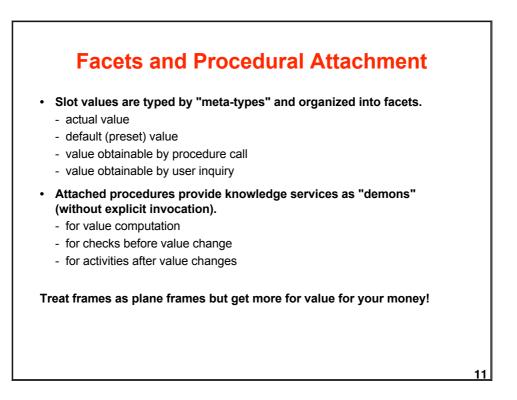




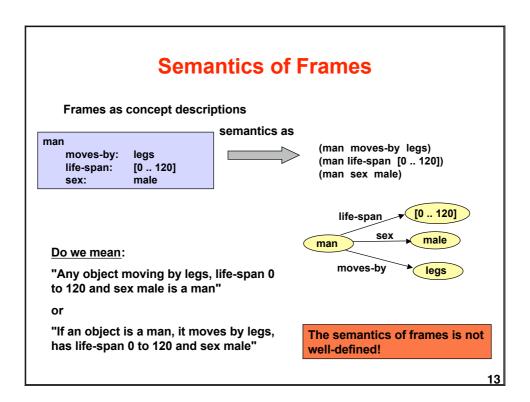


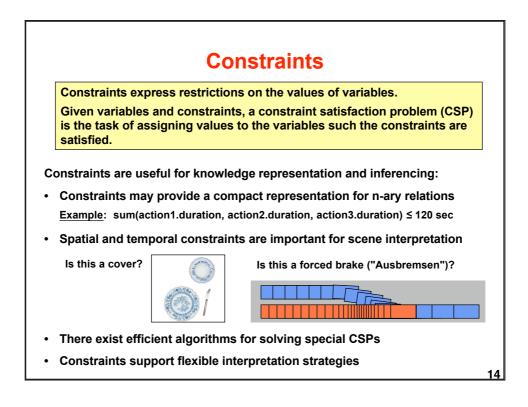


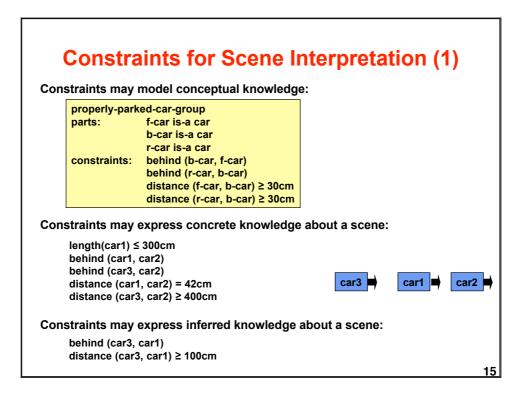


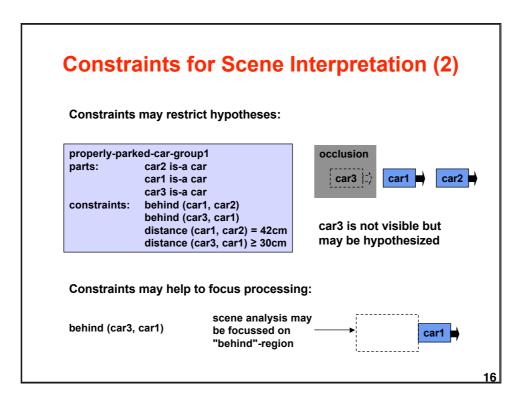


i i aii	ne Representation Lang	ua	ge FRL		
Facet name:	s specify different slot filler "metatypes":				
\$DATA \$DEFAULT \$IF-ADDED \$IF-NEEDED \$REQUIRE	write-access triggers specified demon procedures				
 Built-in infer 	rence services enriched by demon procee	dures	5		
Example:		Val 1.	lues are retrieved from \$DATA facet		
ID: Is-a: Name: Age:	(\$DATA Person007) (\$DATA Person) (\$DATA Max-Meier) (\$REQUIRE Agetest) (\$DATA 27)	2. 3.	by inheritance from parent \$DATA face from \$DEFAULT facet		
Nationality: Hobbies:	(\$DEFAULT German) (\$DATA Eating, Sleeping, Singing) (\$IF-ADDED Singing Notify-Uni-Choir)	4.	by inheritance from parent \$DEFAULT facets		
Phone: Address:	(\$IF-NEEDED Directory-Retrieval-Service) (\$DATA Address4711	5.	by \$IF-NEEDED demon procedures		

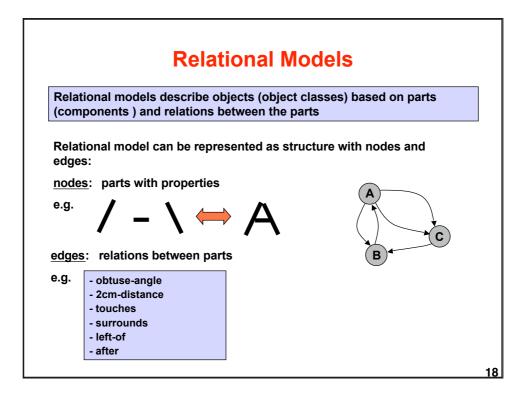












unary relation:	property
n-ary relation:	relation, constraint
Graphical represe	ntation
binary relation:	∩ r → ∩
n-ary relation:	r r
	"hypergraph"

Relational mode	ls describe obje	cts (object cla	gh-level Vision
(components) a	no relations bet	ween the parts	
A relational mod	el can be repres	sented as a str	ucture with nodes and edges:
	•		_
<u>Nodes</u> : parts wi	th properties		R A
Α	В	С	And the
is-a person	is-a person	is-a ball	
state running	state jumping	colour black	
			s y l
Edges: relation	s between parts		_
approaches A	В		(A) h
			$\overline{\langle}$
nearby B A			a () n
holds B C			
			B
			2

