

# Computer Vision



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## Contents

### **IMAGE PROCESSING FOR MULTIMEDIA APPLICATIONS**

- Introduction
- The digitized image and its properties
- Data structures for image analysis
- Image preprocessing
- Image compression

### **IMAGE ANALYSIS**

- Segmentation
- Shape description
- Mathematical morphology
- Texture analysis
- Motion analysis

### **SEEING AND ACTING**

- 3D image analysis
- Object recognition
- Scene analysis
- Knowledge-based scene interpretation
- Probabilistic scene interpretation

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## Literature



**Image Processing, Analysis and Machine Vision (3. Ed.)**  
**M. Sonka, V. Hlavac, R. Boyle, Thomson 2008**  
**Grundlagen der Bildverarbeitung**  
**K.D. Tönnies, Pearson Studium, 2005**  
**Computer Vision - A Modern Approach**  
**D.A. Forsyth, J. Ponce, Prentice-Hall 2003**  
**Digital Image Processing**  
**R.C. Gonzalez, R.E. Woods, Prentice-Hall 2001**  
**Digitale Bildverarbeitung**  
**B. Jähne, Springer 1997**  
**Computer Vision**  
**R. Klette, A. Koschan, K. Schluns, Vieweg 1996**  
**Computer and Robot Vision, Vol. I+II**  
**R. Haralick, L.G. Shapiro, Addison-Wesley 1993**  
**Robot Vision**  
**B.K.P. Horn, MIT Press 1986**

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## Website

**The website for this course can be reached via**

<http://kogs-www.informatik.uni-hamburg.de/~stelldin/BV1/>

**You will find**

- a PDF copy of the slides
- the problem sheets for the exercise sessions
- other information related to the course.

**The website will be updated each week before the lectures.**

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## Exercises

- Problem sheets related to the current lectures will be usually handed out every week.
- Solutions - either as answer texts or program documentations - are due on Thursday the next week.
- Solutions will be presented and discussed in class.
- Active participation is a prerequisite for admission to the oral examination.

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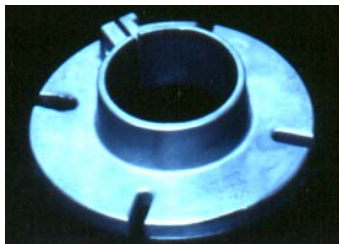
## Why Study Image Processing, Image Analysis and Image Understanding?

- Subfield of Computer Science
- History of more than 40 years
- Rich methodology
- Interesting interdisciplinary ties
- Exciting insights into human vision
- Important applications
- **Important information modality in the information age**

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## What is "Image Processing"?

- Transforming images as a whole
- "Bildverarbeitung" in a narrow sense
- E.g. change of resolution, high pass filtering, noise removal



512 columns x 574 rows



32 columns x 35 rows

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## What is "Image Analysis"?

- Computing image components and their properties
- "Bildanalyse"
- E.g. edge finding, object localization, motion tracking



computation of displacement vectors

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## What is "Image Understanding"?

- Computing the meaning of images
- "Bildverstehen"
- E.g. object recognition, scene interpretation, vision and acting



*"Ein heller Opel biegt von der Hartungstraße in die Schlüterstraße ein. Er wartet, bis ein Fußgänger die Hartungstraße überquert hat. Auf der Schlüterstraße steht ein heller Ford vor der Ampel an der Hartungstraße. Ein Fußgänger geht auf dem Gehweg rechts neben der Schlüterstraße in Richtung Hartungsstraße. ..."*

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## Image Understanding is Silent Movie Understanding



Buster Keaton  
"The Navigator" (1924)

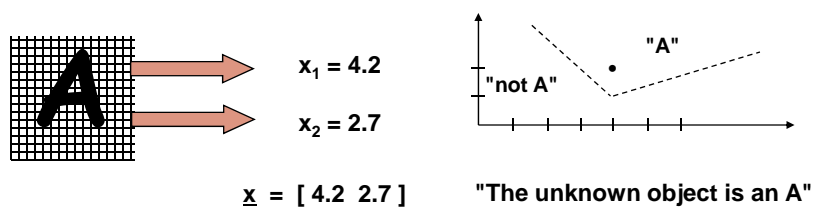
Silent movie understanding requires more than object recognition:

- common sense
  - emotionality
  - sense of humour
- } consequences for vision system architecture

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## What is "Pattern Recognition"?

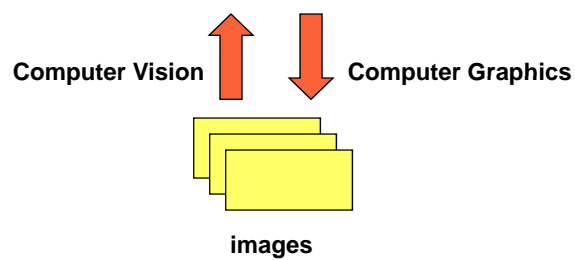
- In the narrow sense: object classification based on feature vectors
- In the wide sense: similar to Image Analysis, but also applicable to other modalities
- "Mustererkennung"
- E.g. character recognition, crop classification, quality control



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## What is "Computer Vision"?

- General term for the whole field, including Image Processing, Image Analysis, Image Understanding
- Same as Machine Vision ("Maschinensehen")
- Image Processing ("Bildverarbeitung") in the wide sense



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## Computer Vision vs. Biological Vision

**Cognitive Science** ("Kognitionswissenschaft") investigates vision in biological systems:

- **empirical** models which adequately describe biological vision
- describe vision as a **computational** system

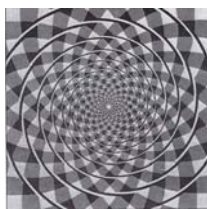
**Computer Vision** aims at engineering solutions, but research is interested in biological vision:

- Biological vision systems have solved problems not yet solved in Computer Vision. They provide ideas for engineering solutions.
- Technical requirements for vision systems often match requirements for biological vision.

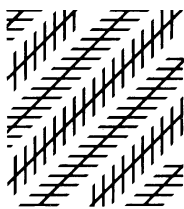
**Caution:** Mimicking biological vision does not necessarily provide the best solution for a technical problem.

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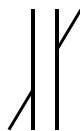
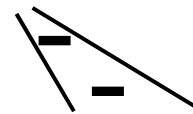
## Geometry in Human Vision



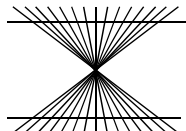
Fraser's Spiral



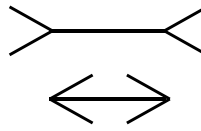
Zöllner's Deception



Poggendorf  
1860



Hering  
1861



Müller-Lyer  
1889

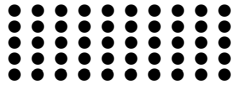


Delboeuf  
1892

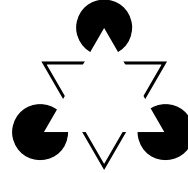
Do we want a vision system to perceive like humans?

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## Human Object Perception



Grouping preferences



Kanizsa's triangle



Camouflage



The dalmatian

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## Human Character Recognition



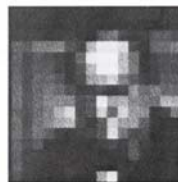
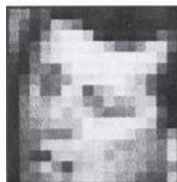
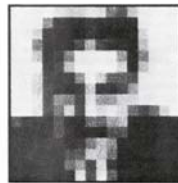
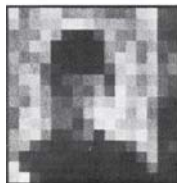
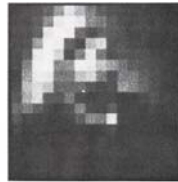
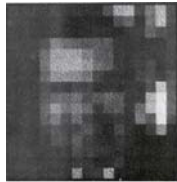
CATS + DOGS

HEAVEN + EARTH

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## Human Face Recognition



Richard Nixon  
Queen Victoria

Charlie Chaplin  
Graucho Marx

John F. Kennedy  
Winston Churchill

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## Complexity of Natural Scenes



- sky
- clouds
- water
- buildings
- vegetation
- distances
- reflections
- shadows
- occlusions
- context
- inferences

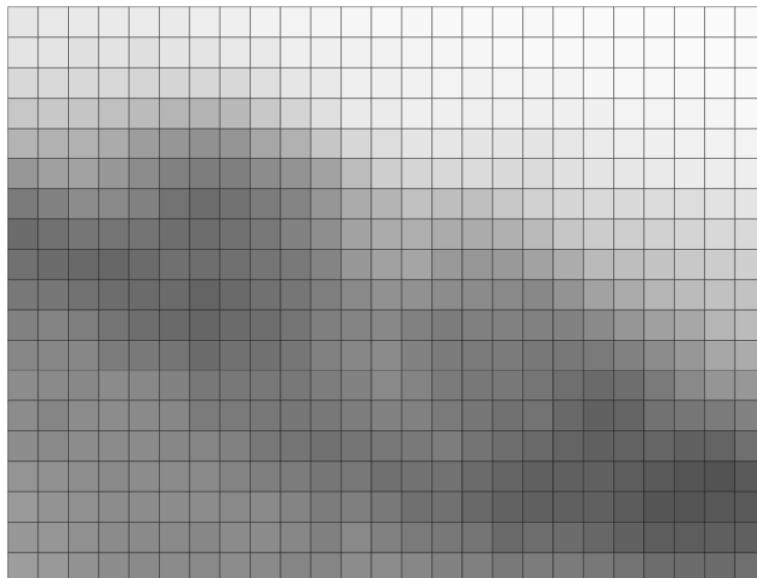
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## The Computer Perspective on Images

226	228	229	230	232	231	235	236	240	241	244	245	247	246	248	249	249	248	250	250	251	251	251	251	250
223	225	220	222	217	224	223	228	228	236	236	239	240	243	244	246	247	249	248	247	249	249	251	251	250
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142	138	130	125	120	121	119	122	120	116	116	124	122	117	113	110	103	106	105	102	96	90	89	89	92

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## Greyvalues of the Section



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## Street Scene Containing the Section



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## Computer Vision as an Academic Discipline

Computer Vision is an active research field with many research groups in countries all over the world.

There exists a large body of research results to build on.

Studying Computer Vision is a prerequisite for

- the development of state-of-the-art applications
- corporate research
- an academic career

Recent developments of Cognitive Vision

- towards robust vision systems
- incorporating spatial and temporal context
- beyond single object recognition

Bildverarbeitung 1  
WS 2011/12

Advanced  
courses



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## Important Conferences

<b>ICCV</b>	<b>International Conference on Computer Vision</b>
<b>ECCV</b>	<b>European Conference on Computer Vision</b>
<b>ICPR</b>	<b>International Conference on Pattern Recognition</b>
<b>CVPR</b>	<b>Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern recognition</b>
<b>ICIP</b>	<b>International Conference on Image Processing</b>
<b>DAGM</b>	<b>Symposium der Deutschen Arbeitsgemeinschaft für Mustererkennung</b>

Note: There are many regular conferences and workshops specialized on subtopics of Computer Vision, e.g. document analysis, aerial image analysis, robot vision, medical imagery

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## Important Journals

<b>IEEE-PAMI</b>	<b>IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence</b>
<b>IJPRAI</b>	<b>International Journal of Pattern Recognition and Artificial Intelligence</b>
<b>IVC</b>	<b>Image and Vision Computing</b>
<b>IJCV</b>	<b>International Journal of Computer Vision</b>
<b>CVGIP</b>	<b>Computer Vision, Graphics and Image Processing</b>
<b>MVA</b>	<b>Machine Vision and Applications</b>
<b>PR</b>	<b>Pattern Recognition</b>
<b>IEEE-IP</b>	<b>IEEE Transactions on Image Processing</b>

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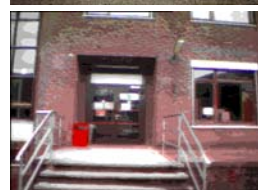
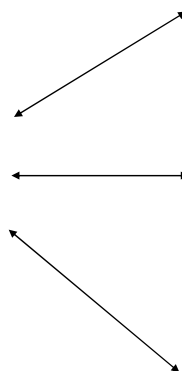
## Important Application Areas

- **Industrial image processing**  
process control, quality control, geometrical measurements, ...
- **Robotics**  
assembly, navigation, cooperation, autonomous systems, ...
- **Monitoring**  
event recognition, safety systems, data collection, smart homes, ...
- **Aerial image analysis**  
GIS applications, ecological issues, defense, ...
- **Document analysis**  
handwritten character recognition, layout recognition, graphics recognition, ...
- **Medical image analysis**  
image enhancement, image registration, surgical support, ...
- **Image retrieval**  
image databases, multimodal information systems, web information retrieval, ...
- **Virtual reality**  
image generation, model construction

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## Image Retrieval

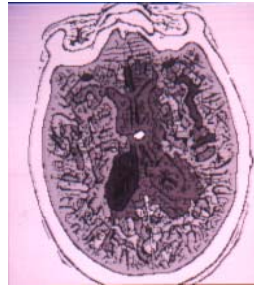
Which of the stored images matches the example image?



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## Example: Medical Image Analysis

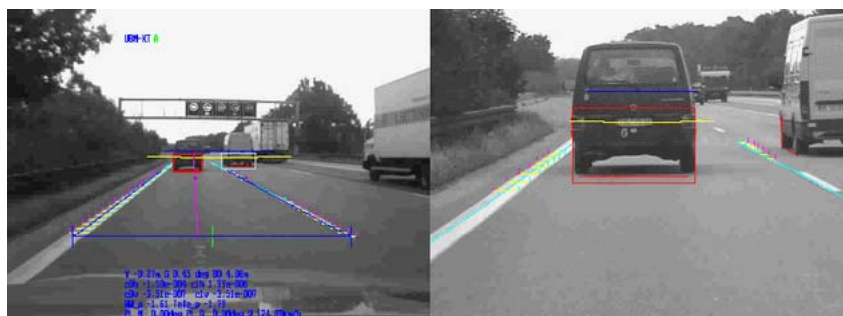
classification of materials in tomographic images of the human head



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## Example: Driver Assistance

Dickmanns 1996: Autonomous navigation on highways



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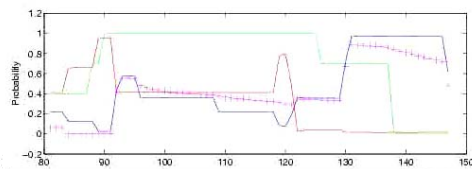
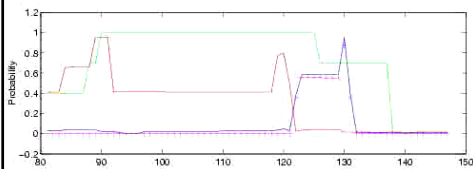
## Example: Monitoring

Hongeng 2003: Event recognition



passing by

contact



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## History of Computer Vision (1)

**A vision of Computer Vision**

Selfridge 1955: " ... eyes and ears for the computer"

**First image enhancement and image processing applications**

space missions, aerial image processing

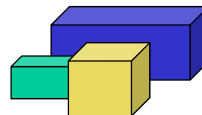
**Character recognition**

=> pattern recognition paradigm

AAA A A

**Blocksworld, restricted domains**

Roberts 1965: 2D => 3D



**Natural scenes with motion**

Nagel 79: Digitization and analysis of traffic scenes



**Visual agents**

Bajcsy 1988: Active Vision

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## History of Computer Vision (2)

**Visual driver assistance**

Dickmanns 1996: Autonomous navigation on highways



**Recognizing faces**

Bülthoff 2002: Modelling faces for recognition

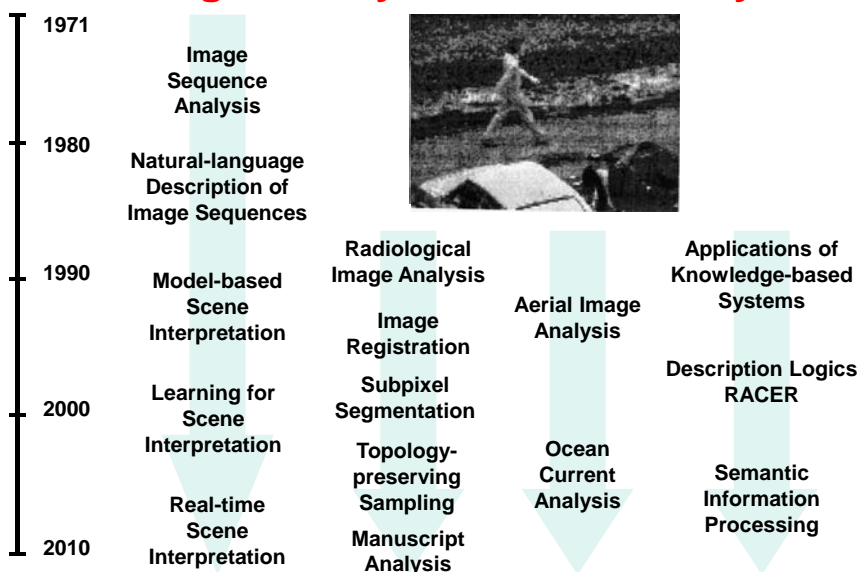


**Motion tracking and event recognition**

Hongeng 2003: Event recognition



## Research History at the Cognitive Systems Laboratory

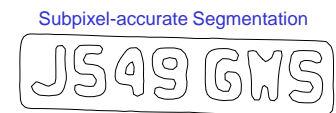
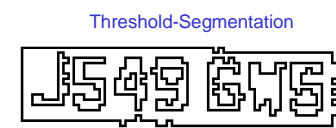
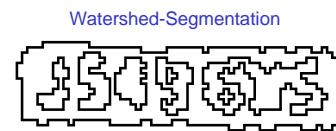




## Subpixel-accurate Segmentation

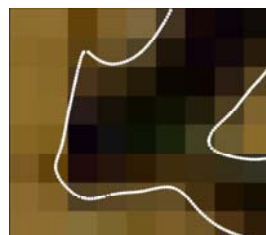
Example: Detection of licence plate should be easy

but:  
Standard methods fail!



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## Subpixel-accurate Segmentation



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## Scene Interpretation

Recognizing structures in buildings (eTRIMS)



Recognizing service activities (Co-Friend)



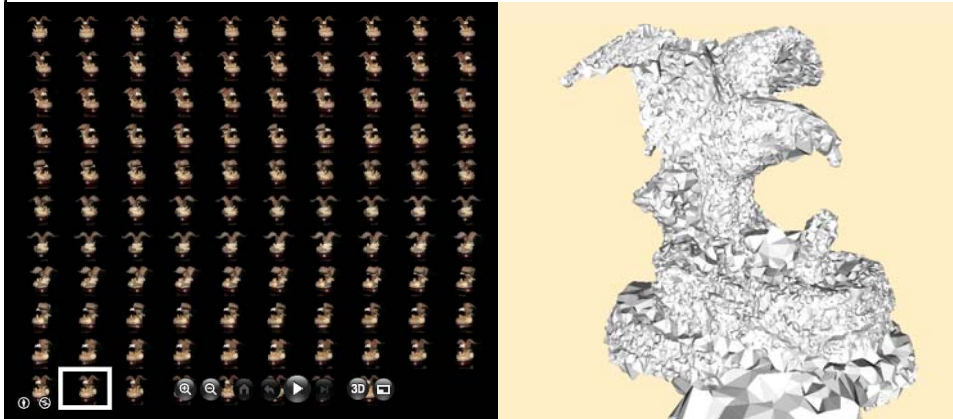
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## 3D Surface Reconstruction



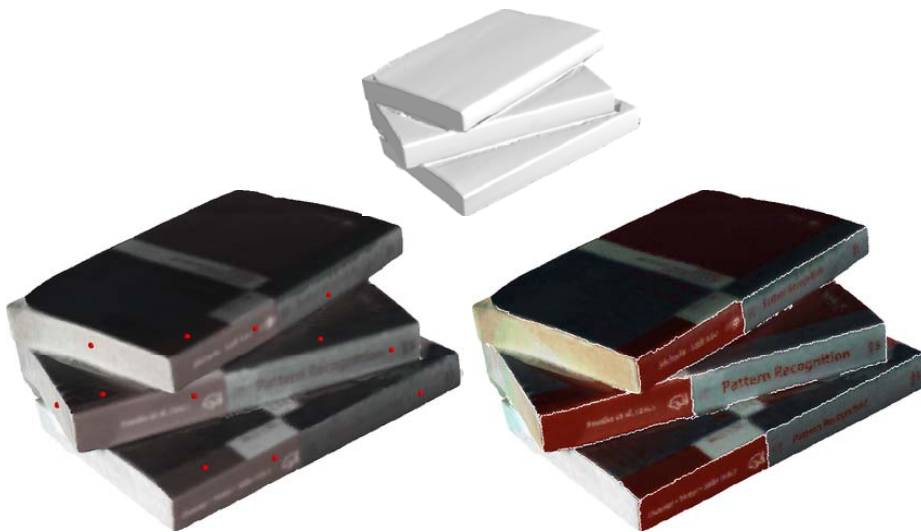
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## 3D Surface Reconstruction



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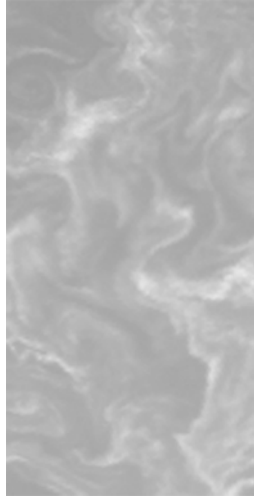
## 3D Surface Segmentation



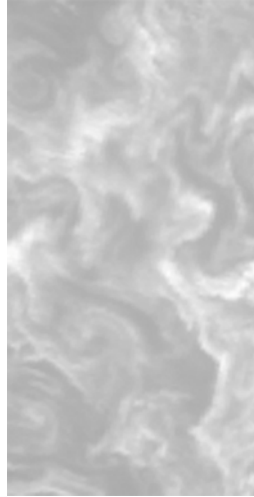
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## Current Analysis

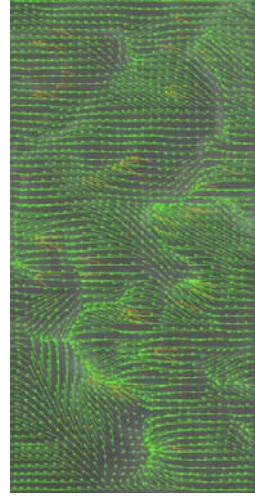
Day 1



Day 2

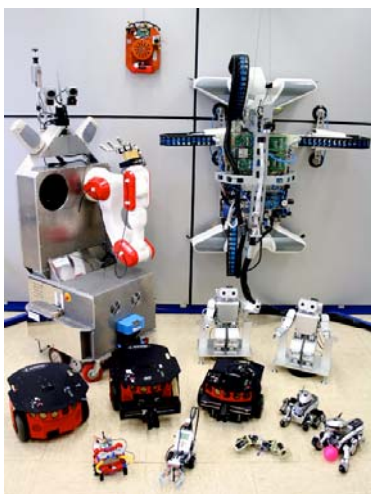


Displacement vectors



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## Computer Vision for Robotics (1)



Research for multimodal interactions of service robots in TAMS

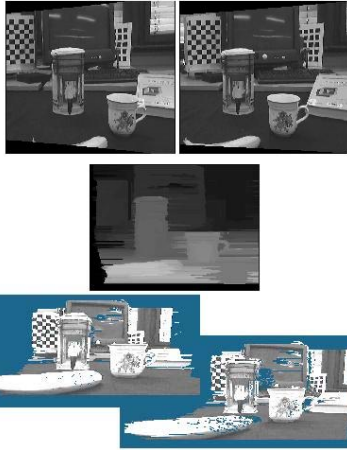
Projects with Computer Vision topics:

- International Graduate College "Cross-modal Interaction in Natural and Artificial Cognitive Systems" (CINACS)
- Grasping with a anthropomorphic artificial hand (HANDLE)
- Intelligent and precise vision systems for the support of service robots (IVUS)

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## Computer Vision for Robotics (2)

Monocular stereo with a moving camera



Omnivision Camera



Stereo Head-Eye System

